Overview of Recent North Slope Energy Studies

Part 1: North-Central Foothills, Sagavanirktok River Area

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Newly Published

DGGS Volume PIR 2008-1

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Fortress Mtn Atigun Syncline
- 3. Fortress Mtn Nanushuk thermochronology
- 4. Nanushuk Colville River
- 5. Aupuk Gas Seep
- 6. Gilead stratigraphy & structure
- 7. Seabee-Canning-Schrader Bluff Sagashak Creek

Division of Geological & Geophysical Surveys

PRELIMINARY INTERPRETIVE REPORT 2008-1

PRELIMINARY RESULTS OF RECENT GEOLOGIC FIELD INVESTIGATIONS IN THE BROOKS RANGE FOOTHILLS AND NORTH SLOPE, ALASKA

by Marwan A. Wartes and Paul Decker, *editors*



March 2008

THIS REPORT HAS NOT BEEN REVIEWED FOR TECHNICAL CONTENT (EXCEPT AS NOTED IN TEXT) OR FOR CONFORMITY TO THE EDITORIAL STANDARDS OF DGGS.

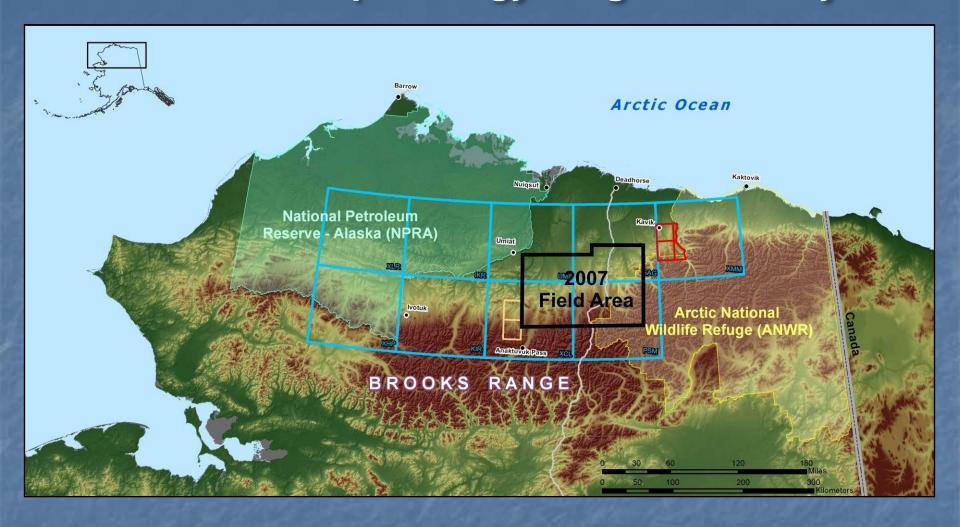
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Recent North Slope Energy Program Activity

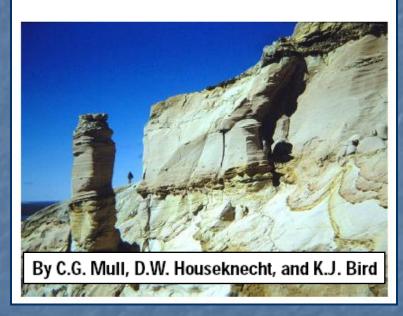




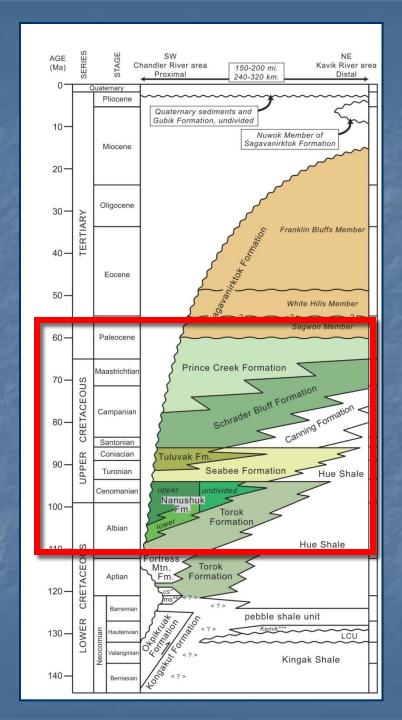


Revised Cretaceous and Tertiary Stratigraphic Nomenclature in the Colville Basin, Northern Alaska

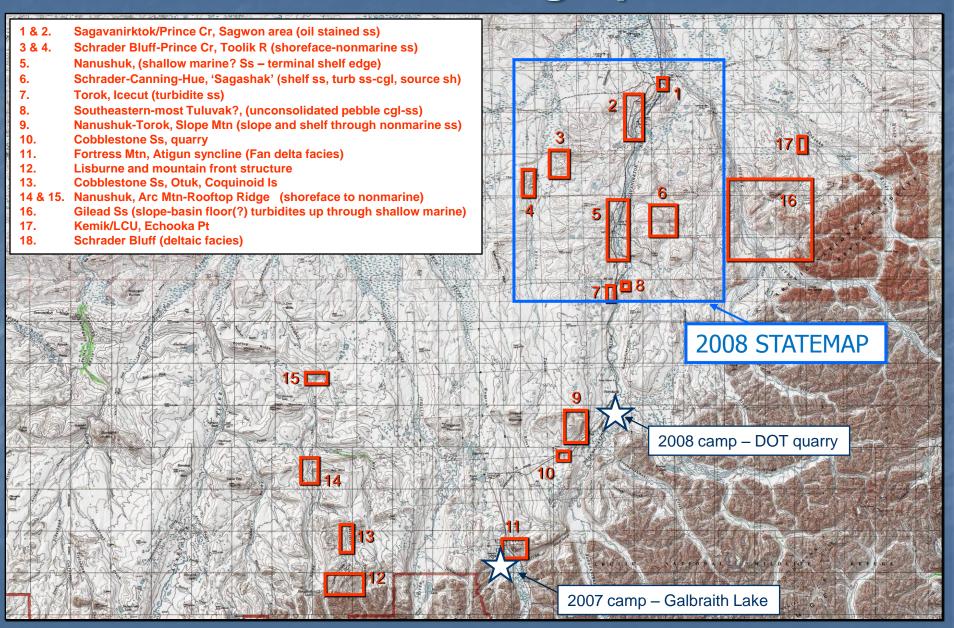
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY PROFESSIONAL PAPER 1673



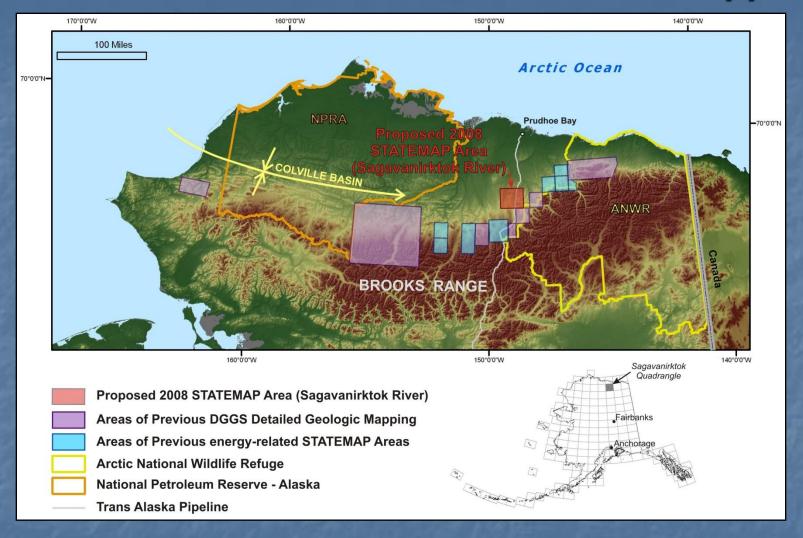
 2007-08 Sagavanirktok River project area encompasses much of the Brookian stratigraphy revised by Mull and others, 2003



2007-08 Areas of Stratigraphic Interest



2008 STATEMAP and Previous DGGS Mapping



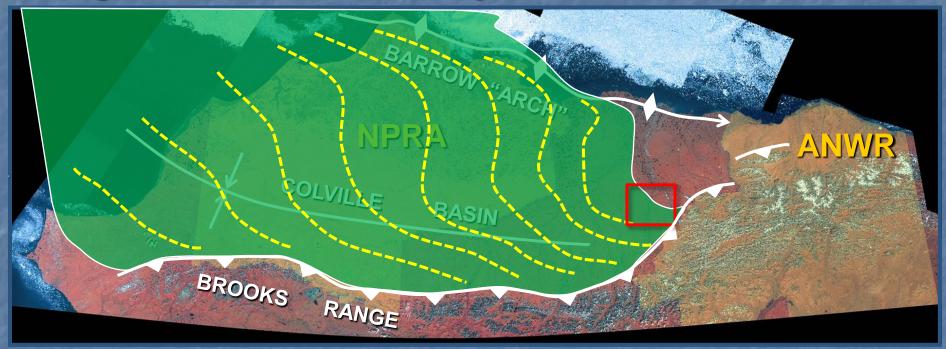
- Most Brookian units exposed within and near 2008 mapping area
- Proposed area situated in a key location for investigating fundamental genetic relationships within the upper parts of the Brookian megasequence

Sagavanirktok River STATEMAP Project objectives



- Define regionally mappable Brookian units using the new nomenclature of Mull and others, 2003 based on genetically related rocks (may be different than Brookian to NW)
- Link a growing subsurface dataset and body of interpretations with surface mapping, detailed sedimentology and stratigraphy (map near well and seismic control)
- Compare/contrast genetically related shallow to deep water Brookian facies exposed within a relatively compact area
- Develop a better understanding of structural style, deformation sequence, and mechanical stratigraphy in Brookian rocks

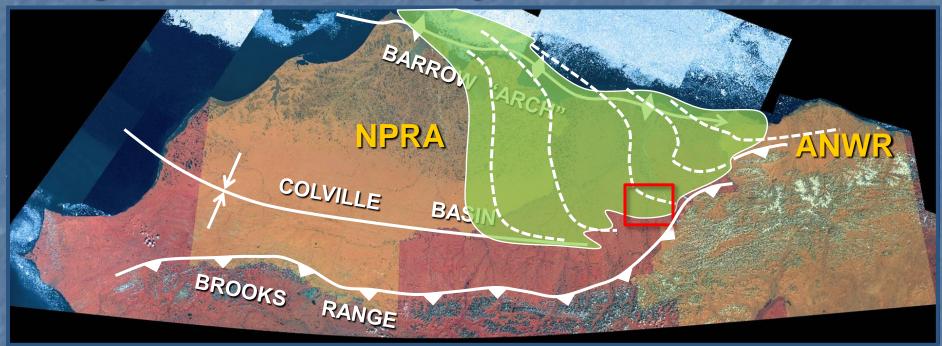
Colville Foreland Basin Tectonostratigraphic Setting Sagavanirktok River Project Area



Lower Brookian basin fill: Early to middle Cretaceous

(Okpikruak-Fortress Mtn-Nanushuk-Torok)

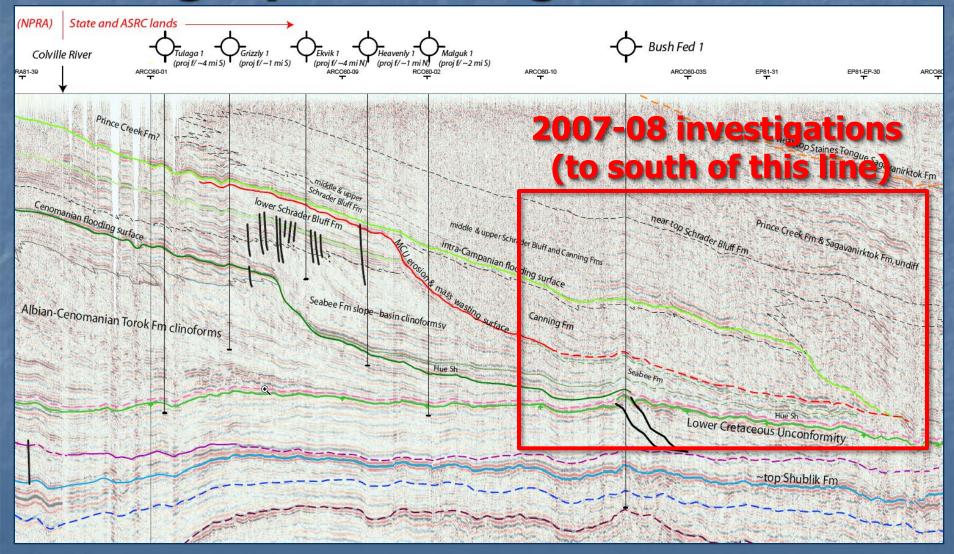
Colville Foreland Basin Tectonostratigraphic Setting Sagavanirktok River Project Area



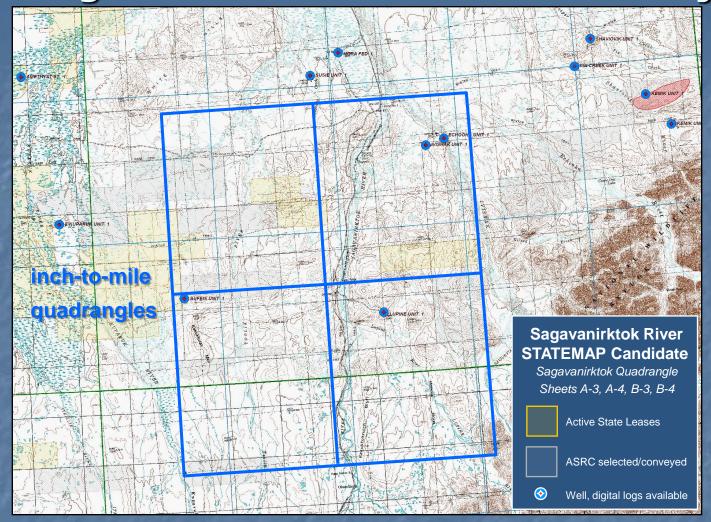
Middle & Upper Brookian basin fill: middle Cretaceous to Tertiary

(Tuluvak-Seabee → Prince Creek-Schrader Bluff-Canning → Sagavanirktok-Canning)

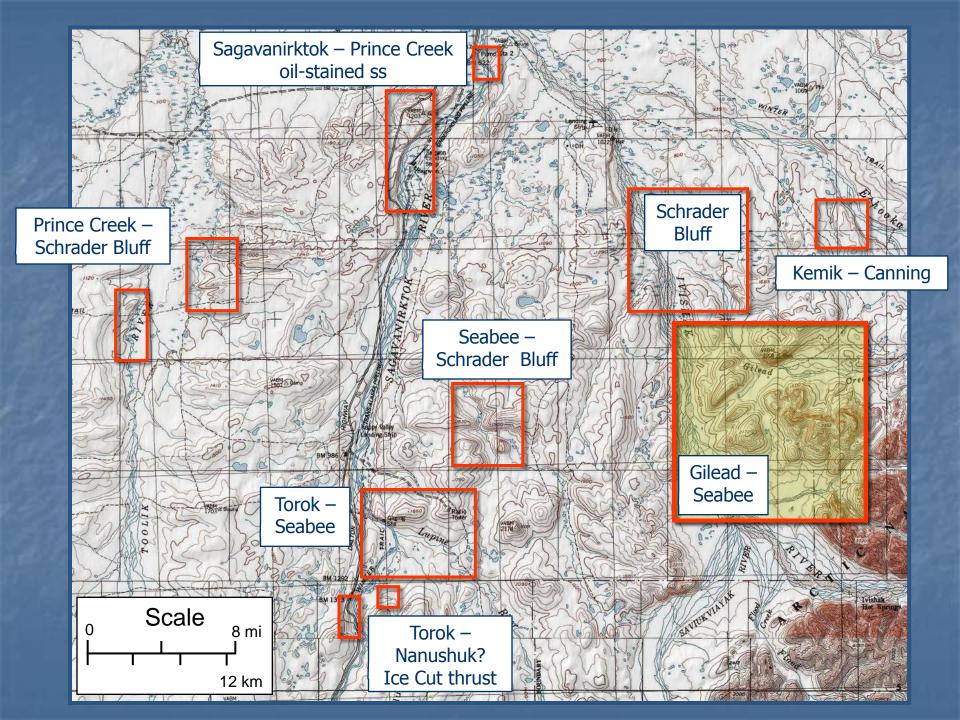
West-East Brookian Stratigraphic Changes



2008 Sagavanirktok River STATEMAP Project



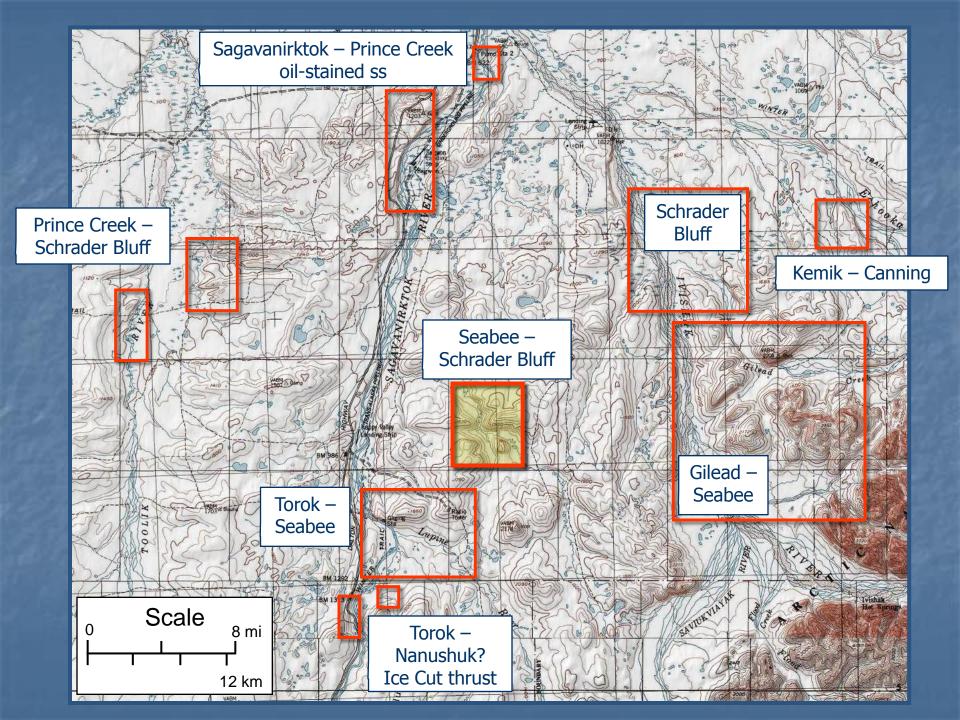
- Surface mapping based on drainage-cut exposures, traceable ridge-forming markers
- Mapping will integrate seismic & well interpretations to extend outcrop data into covered areas and ensure map patterns reflect genetic relationships, not simply lithology
- Build upon 2007 stratigraphic learnings and existing preliminary 1:250,000 mapping (Mull)



2007 Tour: Gilead Ss (~Torok eq) – Ivishak River

Albian(?) sediment gravity flows – largely deepwater





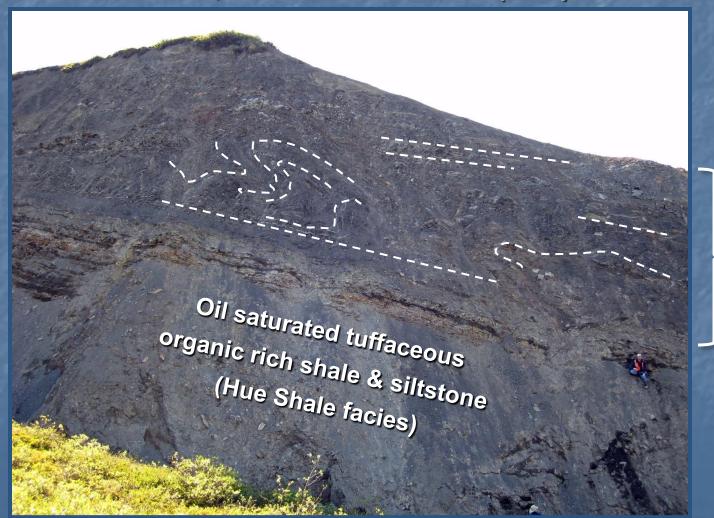
2007 Tour: Seabee & Canning Fms -- "Sagashak Ck"

South limb of Aufeis anticline (east of Sagavanirktok River)



2007 Tour: Seabee, Hue Shale facies, & Canning Fms "Sagashak Creek"

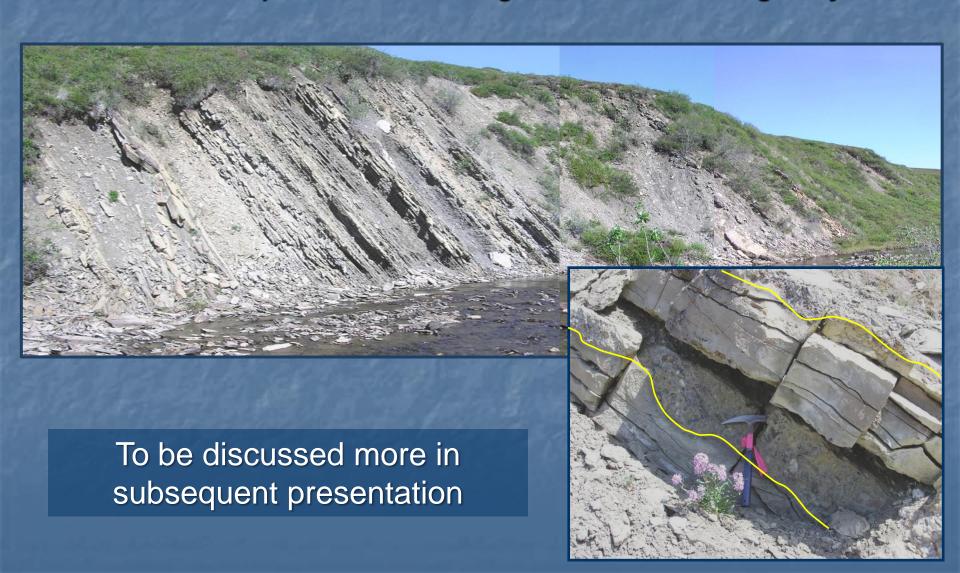
- Turonian-Santonian to early Campanian(?) turbidites
- Tuffaceous, oil saturated interval (complex structure)

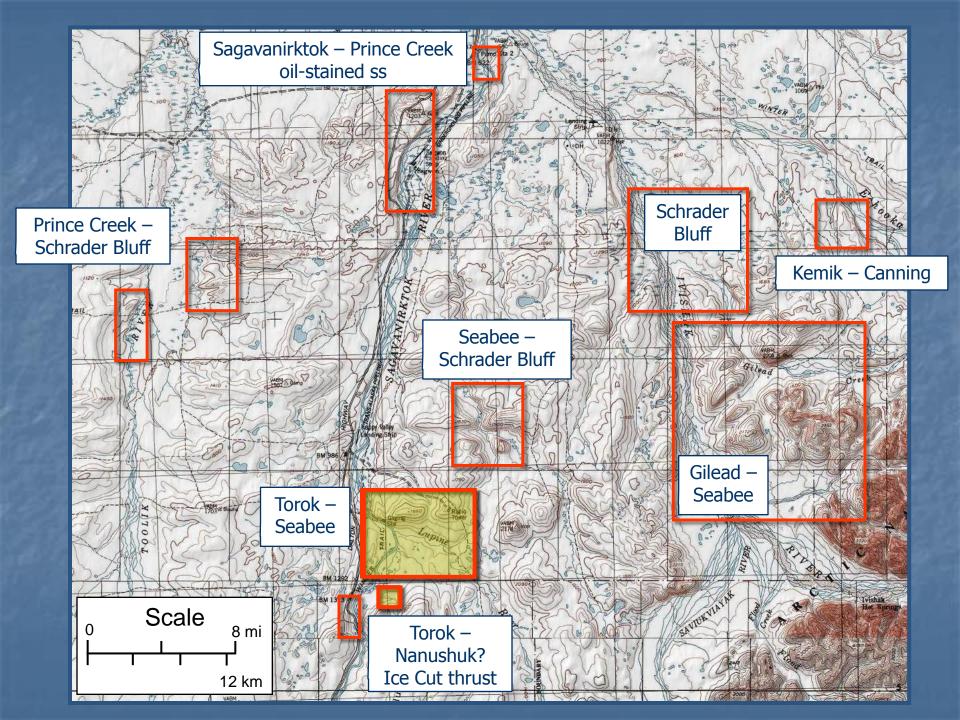


Probable
deepwater slump
failure deposit,
"MCU" or slightly
older mass
wasting event

2007 Tour: Canning Formation -- "Sagashak Creek"

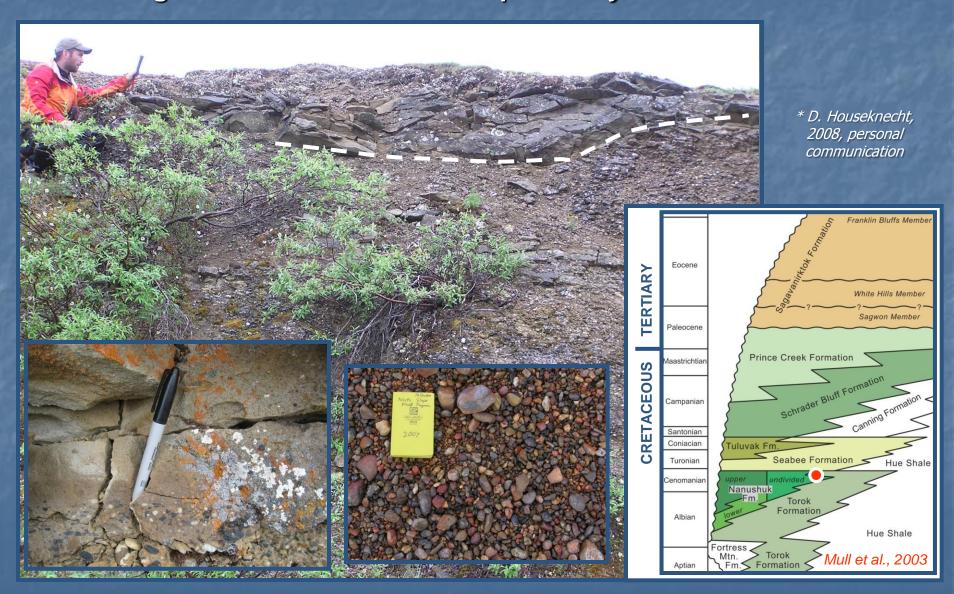
- Campanian turbidites: thin bedded and amalgamated facies
- Channelized pebble-cobble conglomerate sediment gravity flows





2007 Tour: Nanushuk(?) Fm - NE of Ice Cut

Is this really Nanushuk Fm? If so, would place the terminal Nanushuk shelf-edge much farther north than placed by recent USGS work*



2007 Tour: Nanushuk(?) Fm - NE of Ice Cut

Is this really Nanushuk Fm? If so, would place the terminal Nanushuk shelf-edge much farther north than placed by recent USGS work*

Stratigraphic Alternatives:

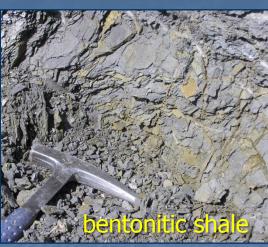
- Torok Fm deepwater? → Wow! Heaven...
- Tuluvak Fm fluvial? → SE-most; Why such different composition than Turonian conglomerates just to north?
- Seabee Fm deepwater? → again, why so different?
- Canning Fm deepwater or equivalent proximal facies ? → along with Sagashak Creek deepwater conglomerates, more evidence of coarse southern facies could also fit stratigraphically/structurally

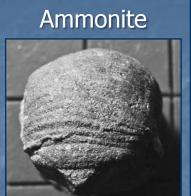




Ice Cut area landslide: Seabee Fm









Scaphites delicatulus Warren (uppermost Cenomanian – lower Turonian)





Ice Cut area landslide: Seabee Fm



Ice Cut area landslide: Seabee Fm



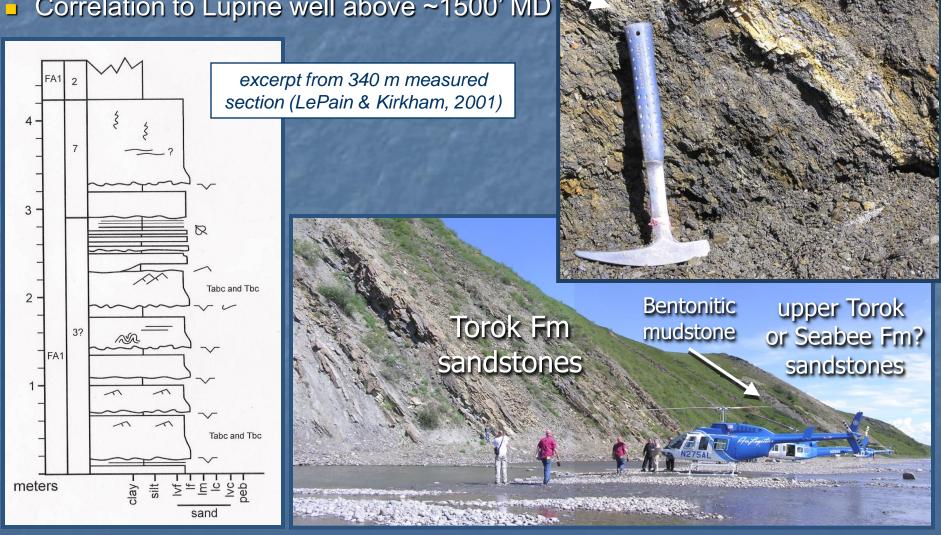
2007 Tour: Torok (+Seabee?) Fms

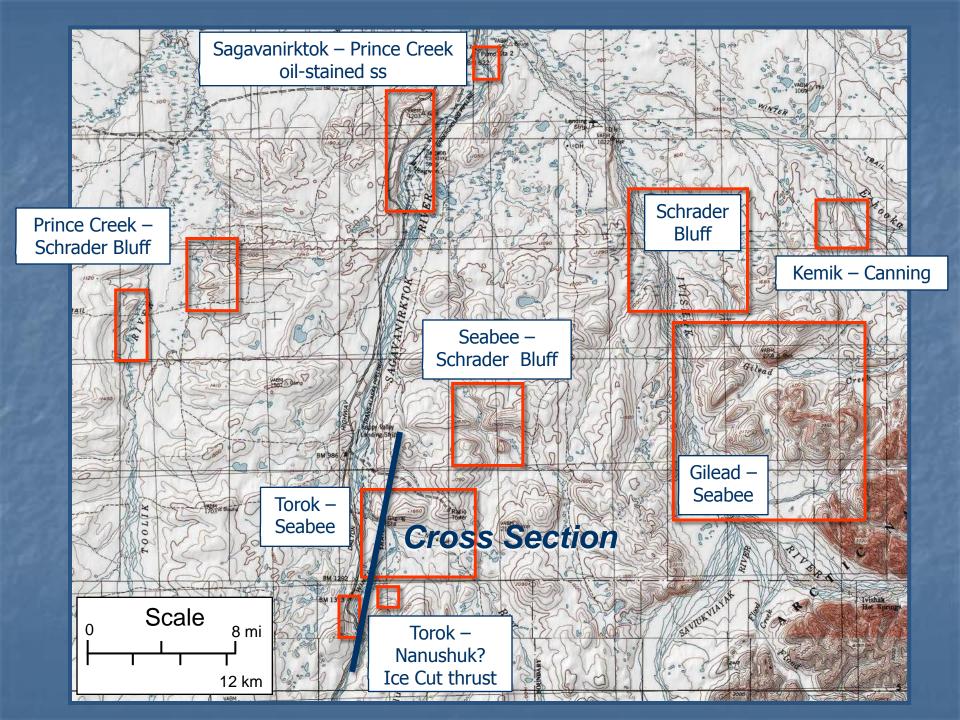
Sagavanirktok River / Lupine River confluence ("Lupivanirktok")

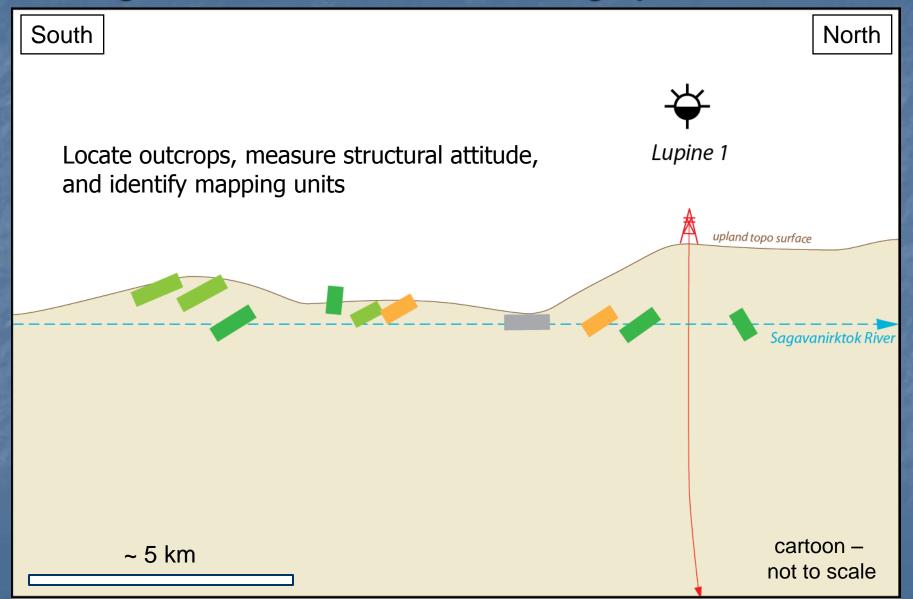
Sediment gravity flows (amalgamated) mostly below storm wave base

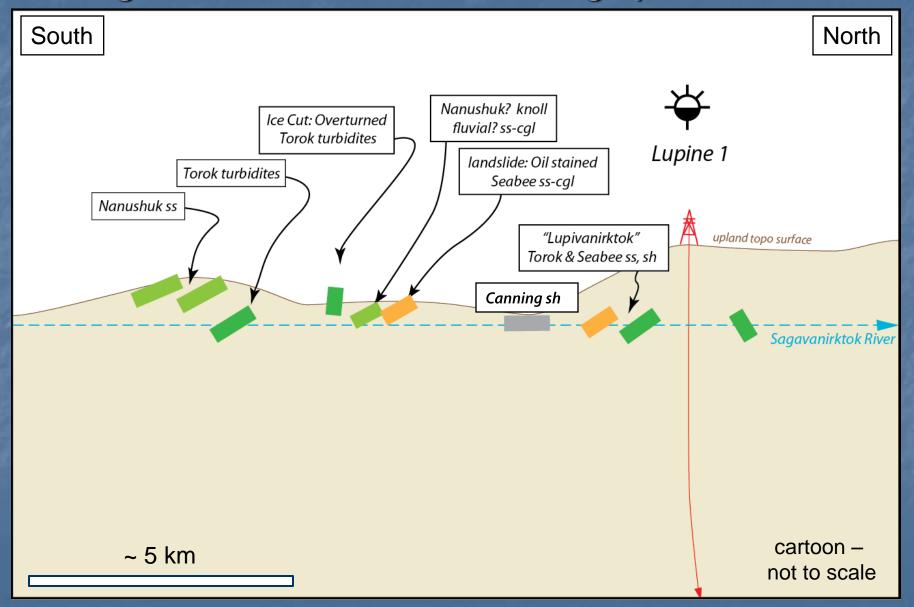
Significant bentonitic mudstone package

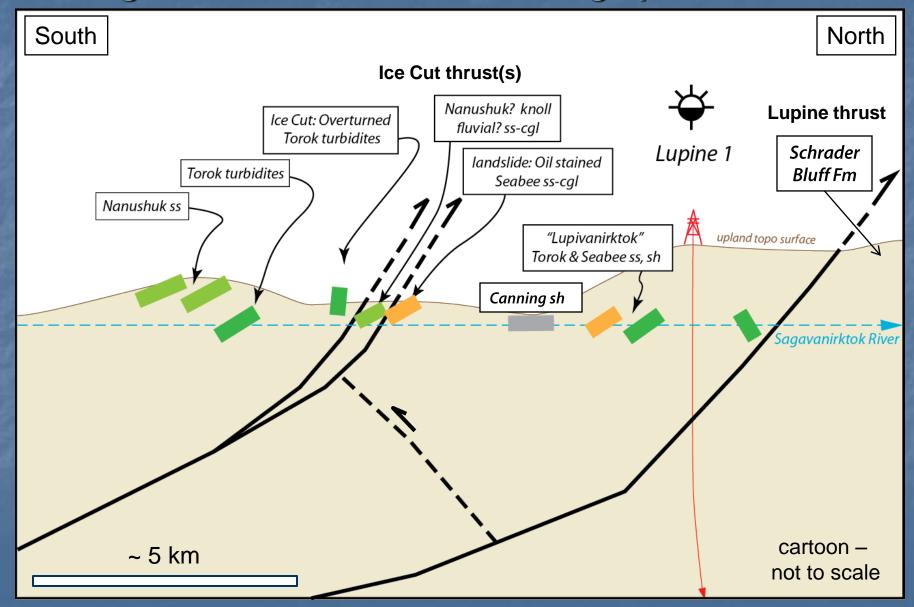
Correlation to Lupine well above ~1500' MD

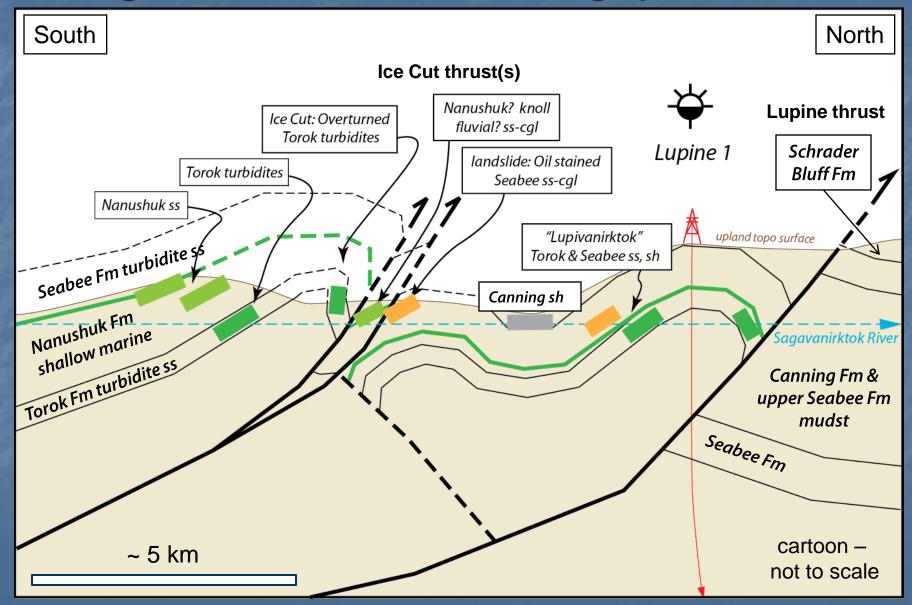


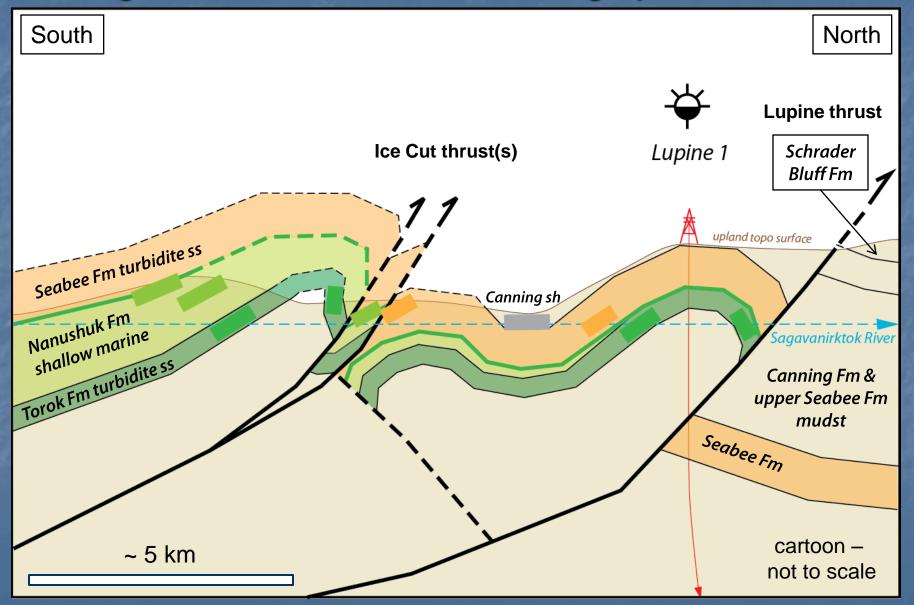


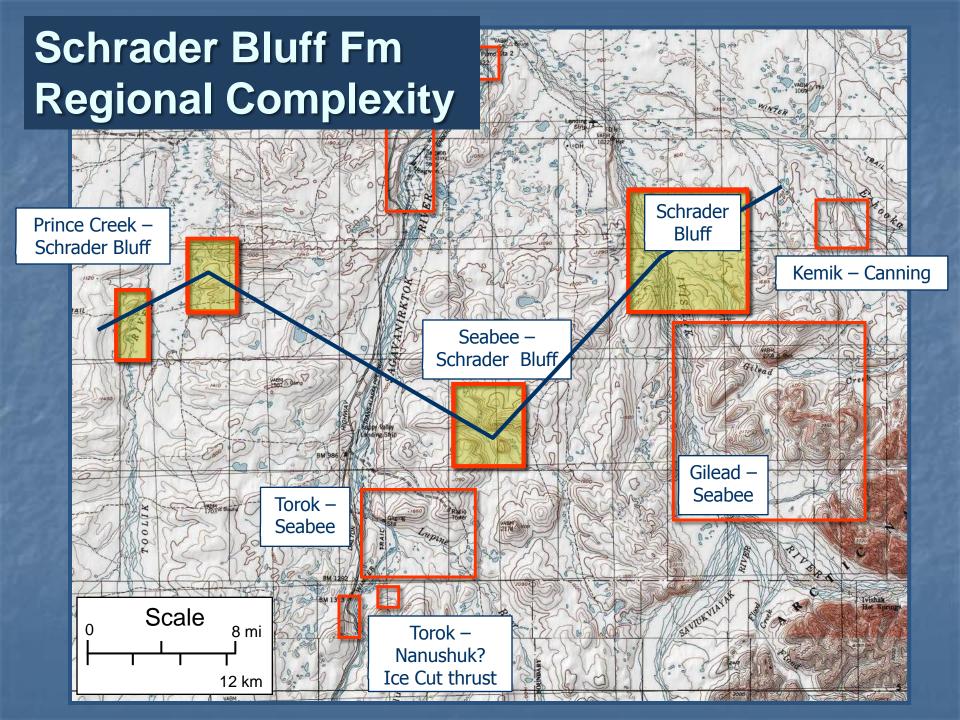








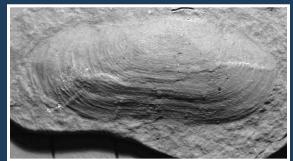




2007 Tour: Toolik River – Schrader Bluff Formation Shallow marine topsets – shoreface parasequences

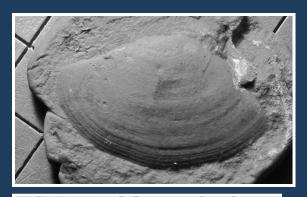


2007 Tour: Toolik River – Schrader Bluff Formation Shallow marine topsets – shoreface parasequences



Bivalve fauna rich, diverse, but poorly known





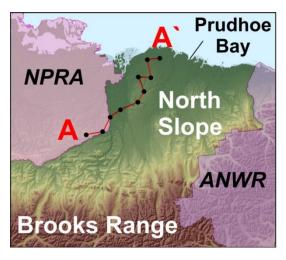




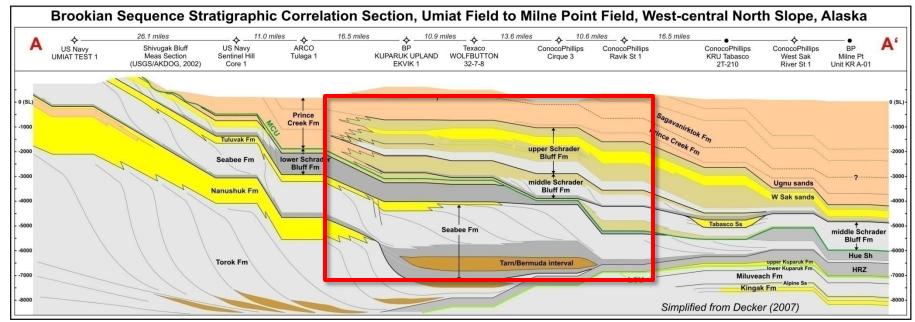




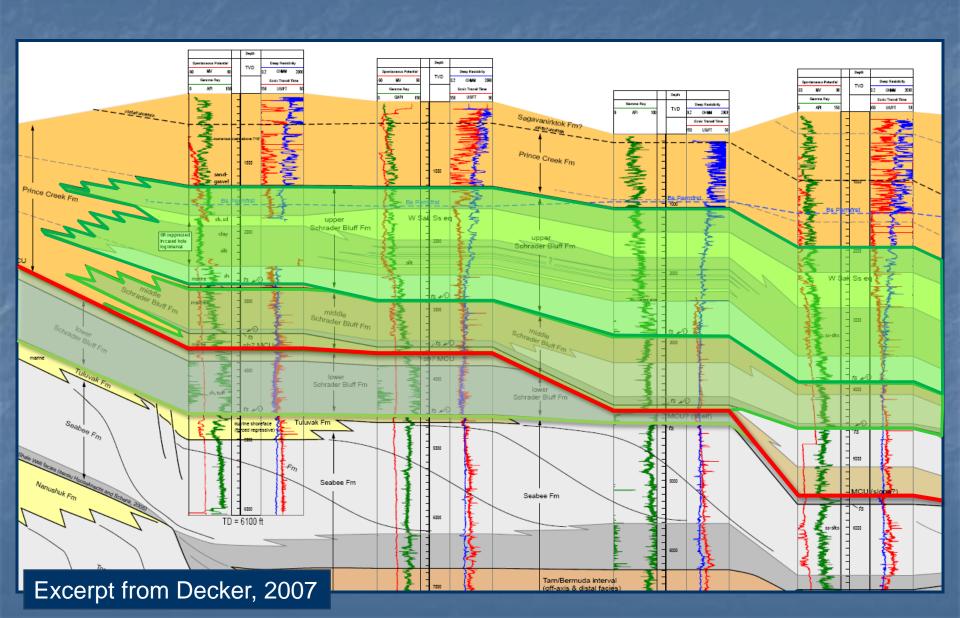
Brookian Sequence Stratigraphy and Correlations (Decker, 2007)



nonmarine undifferentiated
shallow marine to proximal shelf ss.
distal shelf ss. to sltst.
toe-of-slope turbidites (sand-prone)
shelf to slope mudst. to sltst.
condensed or bentonitic sh.



Schrader Bluff Formation – Regional Complexity



Schrader Bluff & Prince Ck. Formations

New Professional Papers - USGS and Division of Oil & Gas

Sentinel Hill Core Test 1: Facies Descriptions and Stratigraphic Reinterpretations of the Prince Creek and Schrader Bluff Formations, North Slope, Alaska

By Romeo M. Flores, Gary D. Stricker, Paul L. Decker, and Mark D. Myers



Professional Paper 1747

U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Geological Survey

Stratigraphy and Facies of Cretaceous Schrader Bluff and Prince Creek Formations in Colville River Bluffs, North Slope, Alaska

By Romeo M. Flores, Mark D. Myers, David W. Houseknecht, Gary D. Stricker, Donald W. Brizzolara, Timothy J. Ryherd, and Kenneth I. Takahashi



Professional Paper 1748

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Summary

Sagavanirktok River Area 2007-2008 Project Goals

Needs new geologic mapping:

- Consistency with genetic nomenclature
- Brookian subsurface data and interpretations

Stratigraphy of southern Colville Basin:

- Torok-Nanushuk and Gilead paleogeography
- Seabee-Hue-Canning deepwater system
- Prince Creek-Schrader Bluff topset sequence strat
- Prince Creek-Sagavanirktok contact (Sagwon Bluffs)

Additional structural studies:

- Lupine and Ice Cut thrust relationships
- Aufeis and Kuparuk anticlines (plunge)
- Ivishak River Gilead syncline (partitioning)